



# Klub chovatelů výmarských ohařů z.s.

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## BREEDING RULES

Breeding within the Czech Weimaraner Breeders' Club, a registered association (hereinafter referred to as KCHVO), is governed in particular by Act No. 166/1992 Coll., on veterinary care, Act No. 246/1992 Coll., on the protection of animals against cruelty, Decree 384/2021 Coll., on the protection of dogs and cats during breeding for the purpose of reproduction, and their implementing regulations and regulations of the Czech Kennel Club, in particular its Registration Rules and the Rules for the Protection of Animals during Breeding.

To ensure uniform conditions for breeding and with the aim of maintaining and expanding the genetic diversity of the breed while preserving the genetic and biological health of each individual, the characteristic talents and characteristics specific to the Weimaraner as described in FCI standard No. 99, these rules for breeding KCHVO specify the above-mentioned binding standards.

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# Rules for recommending connections

## Article 1

Breeding within the KCHVO is controlled and is allowed to non-member breeders and non-members outside the club based on a written contract between the club and the non-member breeder.

The breeder has the right to propose any number of mating dogs in order of their priority while respecting the rules for selecting breeding pairs:

1. Future parents can have a maximum of one common ancestor, namely:
  - either each in the 3rd generation
  - or one partner in the 3rd and one in the 4th generation and
  - the third option is a common ancestor in the 4th generation.

In all cases, the puppies will therefore have at least 3 free generations.

2. The common ancestor must not be a known carrier of a serious hereditary defect or disease (i.e. defects or diseases that reduce the quality of life of the individual, limit its working ability, require special care, treatment, or those that lead to premature death).

3. Partners who have among their ancestors carriers of the above-mentioned defects should be selected so that, ideally, only one of them has them among their ancestors. If such an individual cannot be found, choose a connection where the second of the pair will have carriers of the same defects in the 3rd and more distant generation.

4. Bitches under 60 cm at the withers should not be mated to dogs with a height at the withers of under 65 cm.

The breeder can leave the selection of dogs entirely to the breeding advisor.

Suitable dogs for mating (minimum 1, maximum 3) are recommended by the breeding advisor, while respecting the above-mentioned rules.

If these rules cannot be followed, the breeding advisor will decide on the selection of partners and will justify his decision at the next committee meeting.

A breeding individual registered in the KCHVO may not be registered in another breeders' club.

To facilitate the orientation of breeders, the breeding advisor is obliged to publish the results of the heredity control in his annual report in the form of a list of breeding dogs with their evaluation using the selection weight method.

## Breeding Conditions

### Article 2

The conditions for inclusion in the breeding program are determined by the club committee after discussion in the breeding council.

# **Obstacles to inclusion in breeding**

## **Article 3**

Individuals with a hereditary defect are not allowed to breed. Furthermore, dogs and bitches with defects that the Weimaraner standard lists as excluding defects and with a combination of less serious defects that are undesirable for breeding are not allowed to breed. Furthermore, timid and aggressive individuals are not allowed to breed.

The committee may also exclude breeding individuals from breeding that have already met the breeding conditions, but a heredity check has shown that they are significant deteriorators compared to the population average in some of the monitored traits. The club committee will publish the exclusion of such an individual from breeding. If a hereditary defect is detected in a breeding individual, the club committee is authorized to take appropriate measures to limit the spread of the defect in the breed. It has the right to exclude from breeding individuals that have manifested a hereditary disease or have proven to be carriers of a gene that causes a hereditary disease, and depending on the severity of the disease, it will temporarily or permanently exclude from breeding the parents, siblings and all or part of the offspring of the sick dogs. The committee informs the membership about the measures taken.

## **Selection for breeding**

### **Article 4**

Selection for breeding is carried out by members of the breeding council appointed by the committee, usually at club or special exhibitions. The condition for participation in the selection for breeding is to have completed a club or special exhibition with a result of at least VD and to have reached the age of 12 months. The selection is recorded in the breeding card, a copy of which is received by the owner of the individual. The selection for breeding can only be repeated once. The results of the selection for breeding are published on the club website and in the Newsletter.

The breeding advisor (or a member of the committee authorized by him) marks the successful completion of the selection for breeding in the PP with the date, the stamp BREEDING CANDIDATE and his signature.

### **Article 5**

An appeal against non-inclusion in breeding can be filed with the club committee within 7 days. The filing of an appeal is subject to the payment of a principal of 1,000 CZK, which is forfeited to the club if the conclusion of the evaluation committee is confirmed. The appeal will be decided by the majority of all its members of the committee. Its decision is final.

### **Article 6**

The successful fulfillment of all conditions for inclusion in the breeding program will be marked on behalf of the club in the PP by the breeding advisor with the stamp BREEDING CONDITIONS MET, the date and his signature.

# Recommendation for mating

## Article 7

The breeder shall submit an application for a recommendation for mating a female dog to the breeding advisor well in advance, i.e. at least 2 months before the expected heat, and the breeding advisor shall issue a recommendation of suitable dogs within 2 months of submitting the application. In the case of a request for an urgent issue of a mating certificate (within a week), a fee determined by the committee is charged.

The application for the first mating of a female dog shall be submitted in writing and shall include:

- original PP
- double-sided copy of PP
- copy of the judges' tables from hunting performance tests
- copy of the report from a club or special exhibition and
- other documents specified by the breeding conditions.

Even for the second and subsequent matings, it is possible to send a request for dog recommendations and documents specified by the breeding conditions in writing or electronically via the club application.

If the breeder proposes to include a breeding dog from abroad in the recommendation for mating, the application must always be submitted in writing, at least 2 months before the expected mating and must include with the application:

- a copy of the original pedigree of the proposed dog,
- the name and exact address of the owner of the proposed dog and
- other documents specified by the breeding conditions.

Foreign mating is recommended only with dogs in the breeding that have already been tested with a hunting performance test and a result of the DKK examination of at least B/B.

## Article 8

The validity of the issued recommendation for dogs for mating is one year from the date of issue.

# Breeding a dog

## Article 9

The owner of a dog that has met the breeding conditions shall send the breeding advisor:

- original PP
- copies of the judging tables from hunting performance tests
- a copy of the report from a special or club exhibition
- a digital photograph of the dog in the exhibition position up to 500 kB in size and
- other documents specified by the breeding conditions.

After checking all documents, the breeding advisor sends the original PP to the studbook for inclusion in the list of breeding dogs. After receiving the original PP marked BREEDING DOG, the dog owner shall send a double-sided copy of the PP marked in this way to the breeding advisor.

## **Obligations of the owner of the breeding dog**

### **Article 10**

The owner of a breeding dog may breed his dog only if the owner of the breeding bitch submits a valid recommendation for breeding. The owner of a breeding dog is obliged to check before mating whether the chip number or the tattoo number on the bitch's ear matches the registration number (ČLP) stated in the mating recommendation.

## **Obligations of the owner of a breeding bitch**

### **Article 11**

The breeder is obliged to send the breeding advisor a report on the litter on the form received together with the mating recommendation. He is obliged to truthfully state all the required information in the report within 10 days after the litter, or within 75 days after the mating if pregnancy does not occur.

## **Parental testing**

### **Article 12**

If there is a suspicion that the puppies in the litter do not come from the stated connection, the committee has the right to order a paternity test. If the paternity test does not confirm the suspicion, the club bears the costs of the test. If any of the puppies do not match the stated parents, the breeder bears all the costs of the test and the committee has the right to propose that disciplinary proceedings be initiated against the breeder.

## **Limitation on the number of matings**

### **Article 13**

A dog (VOK) tested by the selection weight method (3 females, 9 puppies), after which no gross defects were found, may mate a maximum of 4 females in a calendar year (3 females for VOD dogs).

A dog tested by the selection weight method (3 females, 9 puppies), after which gross defects were found, may mate a maximum of 3 females in a calendar year.

A dog that has not yet been tested (VOK and VOD) can breed a maximum of 3 bitches in a calendar year.

This number does not include matings from which the bitch did not become pregnant. The dog owner is obliged to monitor the number of matings.

In case the permitted number of matings in a calendar year is exceeded, the dog will be removed from the list of breeding dogs by the breeding advisor in the following calendar year.

A dog entered for breeding abroad can only be used in our breeding once in a calendar year.

The breeding advisor may allow an exception to these restrictions if it is in the interest of the breeding.

A litter from a repeated mating of two identical individuals can only be produced once if the following conditions are met:

- more than half of the puppies participate in the young dog show and
- the offspring are not carriers of gross defects and genetically determined diseases.

#### **Article 14**

A bitch may only have one litter in a calendar year.

#### **Article 15**

If a bitch gives birth to more than 6 puppies in one litter, she may not be mated until one year (365 days) after the day she gave birth to this litter. The owner of the bitch is obliged to ensure that this mating deadline is observed.

## **Breeding documentation**

#### **Article 16**

The owner of a breeding bitch is obliged to keep records of matings and litters. The same obligation applies to the owner of a breeding dog.

Loaning a bitch for breeding

#### **Article 17**

If the breeder wants to breed a litter of puppies on a borrowed bitch, he is obliged to submit a written contract with the owner on the loan of this bitch when applying for a recommendation of dogs for mating. This contract also contains:

- the name of the bitch,
- the registration number of the Czech Kennel Club,
- the year of her birth,
- the place where she will be housed during the time of the litter and breeding of puppies,
- the date of issue and
- the signatures of both parties.

For the duration of the loan, the person who has the borrowed bitch is considered the owner of the bitch with all obligations for the purposes of these rules.

Breeding puppies without a pedigree

#### **Article 18**

The breeding goals can only be achieved by breeding purebred puppies with a pedigree. The discovery that a breeder produces puppies without a pedigree is a gross violation of the breeding principles and a reason for termination of membership in the KCHVO and exclusion of all individuals owned by the excluded member from the breeding.

A change in the owner of a breeding individual is not a reason for new inclusion in the breeding. Breeding individuals excluded from the breeding will be listed in the KCHVO Newsletter.

The same penalty is also imposed on the owner of a breeding dog who allows the mating of a female without a valid mating recommendation.

## **Litter inspection**

### **Article 19**

The committee has the right to conduct random inspections of litters and mandatory records of matings and litters. The inspection is carried out by a club member authorized by the committee. A record is made of the inspection, one copy of which is received by the breeder. In the event of gross deficiencies being found, or if the inspection is not possible, the committee may initiate disciplinary proceedings.

## **Prohibited procedures on dogs**

### **Article 20**

It is prohibited to perform procedures on dogs and bitches to remove or cover up an anatomical or exterior defect that is disqualifying according to the standard. Individuals with such procedures are not included in the breeding, or are excluded after such a modification is discovered.

To determine whether an unauthorized procedure has been performed, the owner of the dog/bitch is obliged to undergo an examination or test on his/her Weimaraner. The costs of this are covered by the owner if a violation of the breeding rules is found, otherwise the costs are borne by the KCHVO.

## **DKK examination**

### **Article 21**

DKK examination of dogs and bitches is voluntary and does not affect the inclusion in the breeding. The club publishes the results of the examination.

## **Artificial insemination**

### **Article 22**

It is prohibited to use for artificial insemination individuals (dogs and bitches) that have not yet demonstrated the ability to reproduce naturally.

## **Double Mating**

### **Article 23**

Double mating is prohibited in breeding within the KCHVO.